

B.PHARM
(SEM-II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY-III
(PHARMACEUTICAL PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 70

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections.

SECTION A

- 1. Attempt all questions in brief.** **2 x 7 = 14**
- a. Give the units of surface tension and viscosity.
 - b. Define molecular orbitals and Parachor.
 - c. Define enthalpy and internal energy.
 - d. What is specific rotation?
 - e. Differentiate between physical adsorption and chemical adsorption.
 - f. Define term degree of freedom with suitable example.
 - g. Write numerical definition of entropy.

SECTION B

- 2. Attempt any three of the following:** **7 x 3 = 21**
- a. Define hybridization. Explain the hybridization of methane, ethane and ethyne.
 - b. Explain joule Thomson effect in detail.
 - c. Write in brief about Debye-Huckel theory to explain conductance of strong electrolytes.
 - d. Derive Ostwald's dilution law of weak electrolytes.
 - e. Explain Langmuir and Freundlich adsorption isotherm.

SECTION C

- 3. Attempt any one part of the following:** **7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) What is absolute temperature scale? Discuss conversion of temperature between different scales.
 - (b) Explain **first** order reaction kinetics in detail. Also discuss the half life for first order reactions.
- 4. Attempt any one part of the following:** **7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) Explain heat of reaction, heat of formation, heat of neutralization and heat of solution with suitable example.
 - (b) What is distribution law? Give its limitation. How is distribution law modified if one of the solute undergoes dissociation or association?
- 5. Attempt any one part of the following:** **7 x 1 = 7**
- (a) What is Homogenous and Heterogeneous Catalysis? Briefly discuss transition state theory and write short note on acid-base catalysis.
 - (b) Define electrolysis. Explain Faraday's law of electrolysis and also discuss Kohlrausch law.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7
- (a) Briefly discuss transition state theory and write short note on acid –base catalysis.
 - (b) Give the postulates of molecular orbital theory and differentiate between bonding and anti bonding molecular orbitals.
7. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 7 x 1 = 7
- (a) Define phase, component and degree of freedom with suitable example. Discuss in detail about KI-H₂O phase diagram.
 - (b) Write in detail about Debye-Huckel theory to explain conductance of strong electrolytes

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