

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Roll No.

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**B.TECH****Theory Examination (Semester-IV) 2015-16****THEORY OF COMPUTATION****Time : 3 Hours****Max. Marks : 100**1. Attempt all parts. All parts carry **equal** marks. Write answer of each part in short. (2 x 10 =20)

- What is the purpose of Theory of Computation?
- Differentiate between Theory of Computation and Theory of Computability.
- If  $n$  is an odd positive integer, then  $n^2$  is odd as well.
- What is Deterministic Finite Automata?
- Differentiate between DFA and NFA.
- Define Equivalence of regular expressions.
- What are Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages?
- Define CNF.
- What is multi-head turing machine?
- Enlist the properties of Recursive Enumerable Language.

**SECTION-B**2. Attempt any **five** questions from this section.**(10 x 5 = 50)**

- (a) (i) Prove that

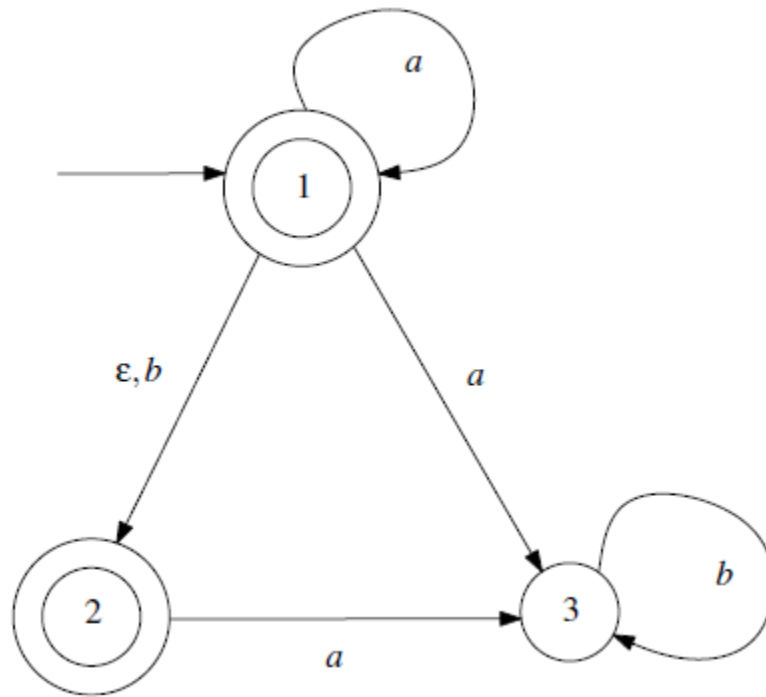
$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i^2} < 2 - 1/n,$$

For every integer  $n \geq 2$ .

- (ii) Prove that in any set of
- $n+1$
- numbers from
- $\{1, 2, \dots, 2n\}$
- , there are always two numbers such that one divides the other.

- (b) Convert the following NFA to an equivalent DFA.

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- (c) Let A and B be two regular languages over the same alphabet  $\Sigma$ . Prove that the difference of A and B i.e., the language

$$A \setminus B = \{w : w \in A \text{ and } w \notin B\}$$

is a regular language.

- (d) Write a regular expression for the following language: The set of all strings of 0's and 1's such that every pair of adjacent 0's appears before any pair of adjacent 1's.
- (e) Explain with example multitape turing machine.
- (f) Construct a Turing machine with one tape that receives as input a nonnegative integer x and returns as output the integer x + 1. Integers are represented as binary strings
- (g) Explain in detail – The Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's.
- (h) Explain the following: (i) PCP (ii) Halting Problem.

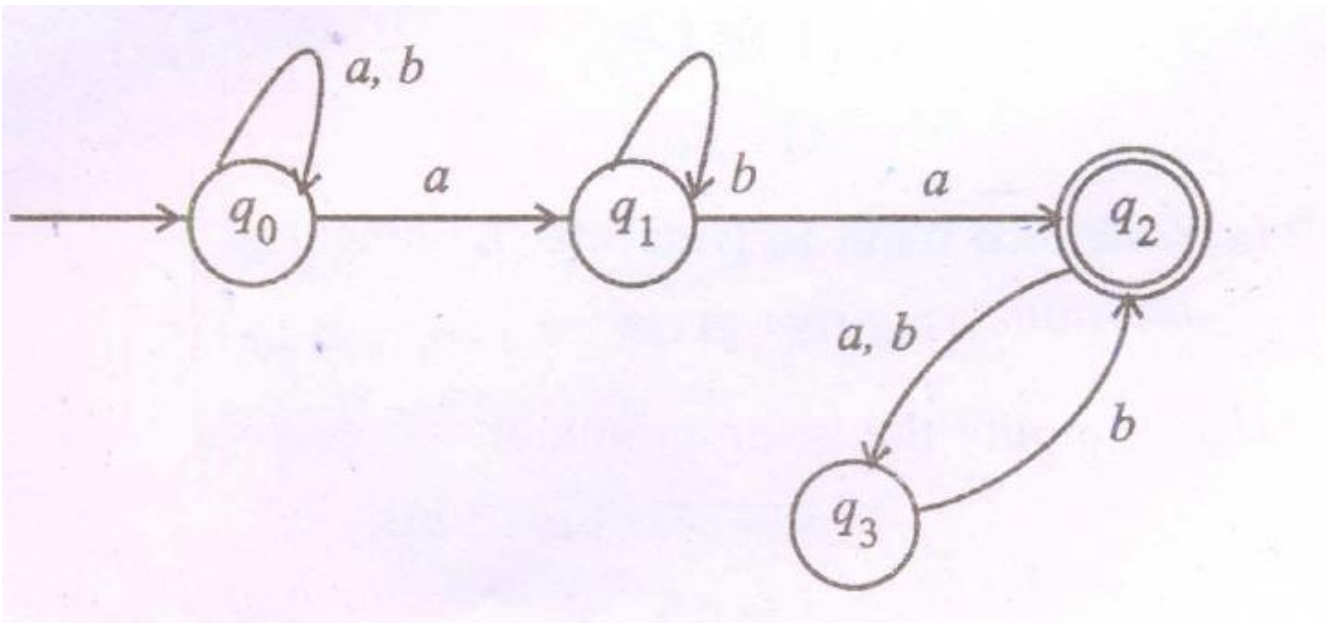
### SECTION-C

Attempt any **two** questions from this section.

(15 x 2 = 30)

3. Construct minimised DFA for the given NFA.

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4. Find out whether the following grammars generate the same language:

$G_1: A \rightarrow 0B \mid 1E$

$B \rightarrow 0A \mid 1F \mid \epsilon$

$C \rightarrow 0C \mid 1A$

$D \rightarrow 0A \mid 1D \mid \epsilon$

$E \rightarrow 0C \mid 1A$

$F \rightarrow 0A \mid 1B \mid \epsilon$

$G_2: X \rightarrow 0Y \mid 0 \mid 1Z$

$Y \rightarrow 0X \mid 1Y \mid 1$

$Z \rightarrow 0Z \mid 1X$

5 (i) Write a CFG to generate the language:

$$L = \{0^m 1^n 0^{m+n} \mid m, n \geq 1\}$$

(ii) Simplify the given grammar:

$S \rightarrow aSB \mid aA \mid bB$

$A \rightarrow aA \mid \epsilon$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid \epsilon$

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