

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID : 214221

Roll No.

M.C.A.

Theory Examination (Semester-II) 2015-16

**INTRODUCTION TO AUTOMATA THEORY
& LANGUAGES**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Note: Attempt questions from all Sections as per directions.

Section-A

Attempt all parts of this section. Answer in brief. (2×10=20)

1. (a) Given the language $L = \{ab, aa, baa\}$, which of the following strings are in L^* .
- 1) abaabaaabaa
 - 2) aaaabaaaa
 - 3) baaaaabaaaab
 - 4) baaaaabaa

- (A) 1,2 and 3 (B) 2,3 and 4
- (C) 1,2 and 4 (D) 1,3 and 4
- (b) Write the differences between DFA and NFA with example.
- (c) Prove that regular sets are closed under union and complementation.
- (d) Define universal Turing Machine, how it will be designed?
- (e) Find the Language generated by G.

$$S \rightarrow 0SA_12 / 012$$

$$2A_1 \rightarrow A_12$$

$$1A_1 \rightarrow 11$$

Test whether (i) $00112 \in L(G)$

(ii) $001122 \in L(G)$

- (f) Prove that the length of the shortest string NOT in the language (over $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$) of the following regular expression is $a^*b^*(ba)^*a^*$.

(2)

- (g) Identify and remove the UNIT productions from the following Grammar.

$$S \rightarrow A/bb$$
$$A \rightarrow B/b$$
$$B \rightarrow S/a$$

- (h) Prove $(a+b)^* = (a^*(ba^*))^*$
- (i) What are the recursive and recursive enumerable language?
- (j) What are the acceptance procedures for PDA? Give examples for each.

Section-B

Q2. Attempt any five questions from this section. (10×5=50)

- a) Construct a Turing Machine for $L = \{ww^R \mid w = \{a, b\}^*\}$
- b) Design DFA for the languages:-
- a) $L = \{w \in (a,b)^* \mid n_a(w) \bmod 2 \neq n_b(w) \bmod 3\}$.
- b) $L = \{w \in (a,b)^* \mid (n_a(w) - n_b(w)) \bmod 3 = 0\}$
- c) Design a deterministic finite automaton which can check the number of 'a' is divisible by 2 and the number of 'b' is divisible by 3. Minimize the number of states as much as possible.

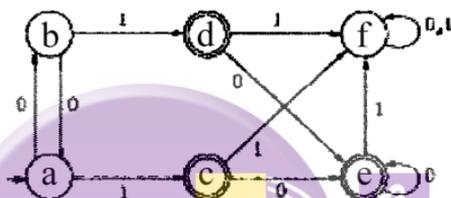
d) Find a grammar in GNF equivalent to the Grammar

$$E \rightarrow E+T / T$$

$$T \rightarrow T * F / F$$

$$F \rightarrow (E) / a$$

e) Construct a Minimization of DFA from an equivalent given transition diagram:



Present State	Next State			
	a = 0		a = 1	
	State	Output	State	Output
-> q0	q3	0	q1	1
q1	q0	1	q3	0
q2	q2	1	q2	0
q3	q1	0	q0	1

f) State and prove pumping Lemma for regular sets.

- g) How PDA and CFG are equivalent? Explain the procedure to conversion of PDA to its equivalent CFG.
- h) Construct a Turing Machine for checking the palindrome of the string of even length over $\{a, b\}$.

Section-C

Attempt any two questions from this section. (15×2=30)

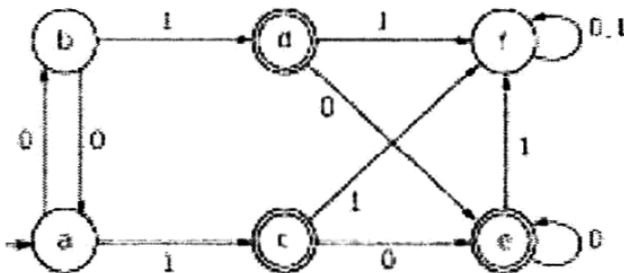
Q3. Design a bottom-up parser for the following grammar:-

$$E \rightarrow E+T / T$$

$$T \rightarrow T * F / F$$

$$F \rightarrow (E) / x_1 / x_2.$$

Q4. (i) Construct a minimum state automaton equivalent to the finite automaton described by Fig.



(ii) Remove the ϵ production from the given Grammar.

$S \rightarrow ABAC$

$A \rightarrow aA/\epsilon$

$B \rightarrow bB/\epsilon$

$C \rightarrow c$

Q5. (i) Simplify the following grammar by eliminating useless symbols and useless production :

$S \rightarrow a / aA / B / C$

$A \rightarrow aB / \epsilon$

$B \rightarrow Aa$

$C \rightarrow cCD$

$D \rightarrow dd.$

Also find the Chomsky Normal Form of the simplified grammar.

(ii) State and prove Arden's theorem.

